

Last Time

Serial transmission of data

- Asynchronous serial interface on the mega8
- Serial access functions
 - getchar()
 - putchar()
 - printf()
 - scanf()

Today

- Project 2
- A first mega8 circuit
- Serial interface example

- Homework 3 due on Thursday

Setting the Throttle

We want to generate the following string to the serial port:

tDDD\r\n\r

- DDD = 1-3 digit number
- How?

Last Time

- Project 2 specification

Today

- A bit more on project 2
- Timing/counting in hardware

Setting the Throttle

```
void set_throttle(uint8_t val)
{
    if(val > 0 && val <= 255)
        printf("t%d\n\r", val);

}
```

tDDD\n\r

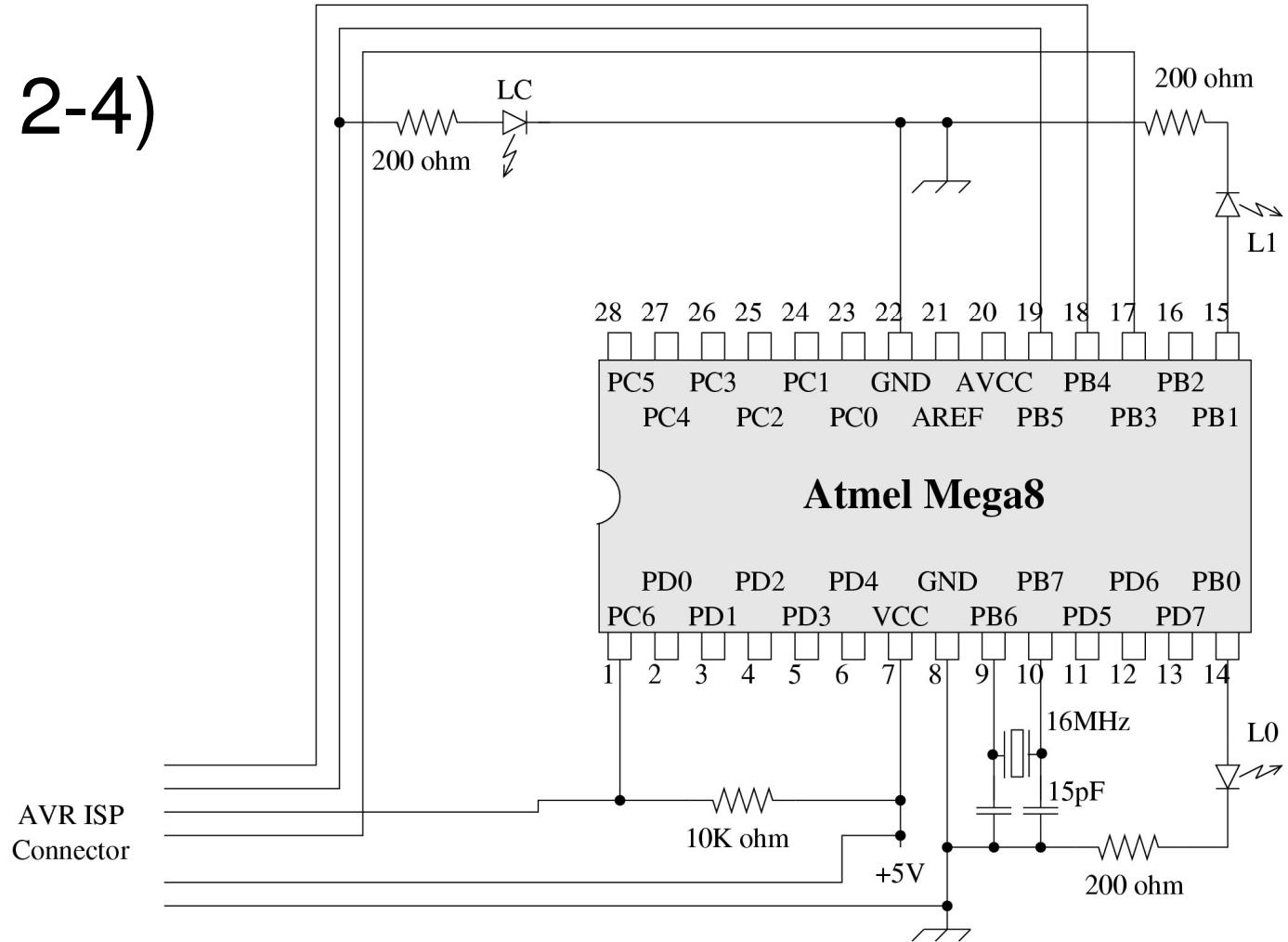
Using the Throttle

How do we use this function so that we generate a smooth ramp-up of the throttle?

Using the Throttle

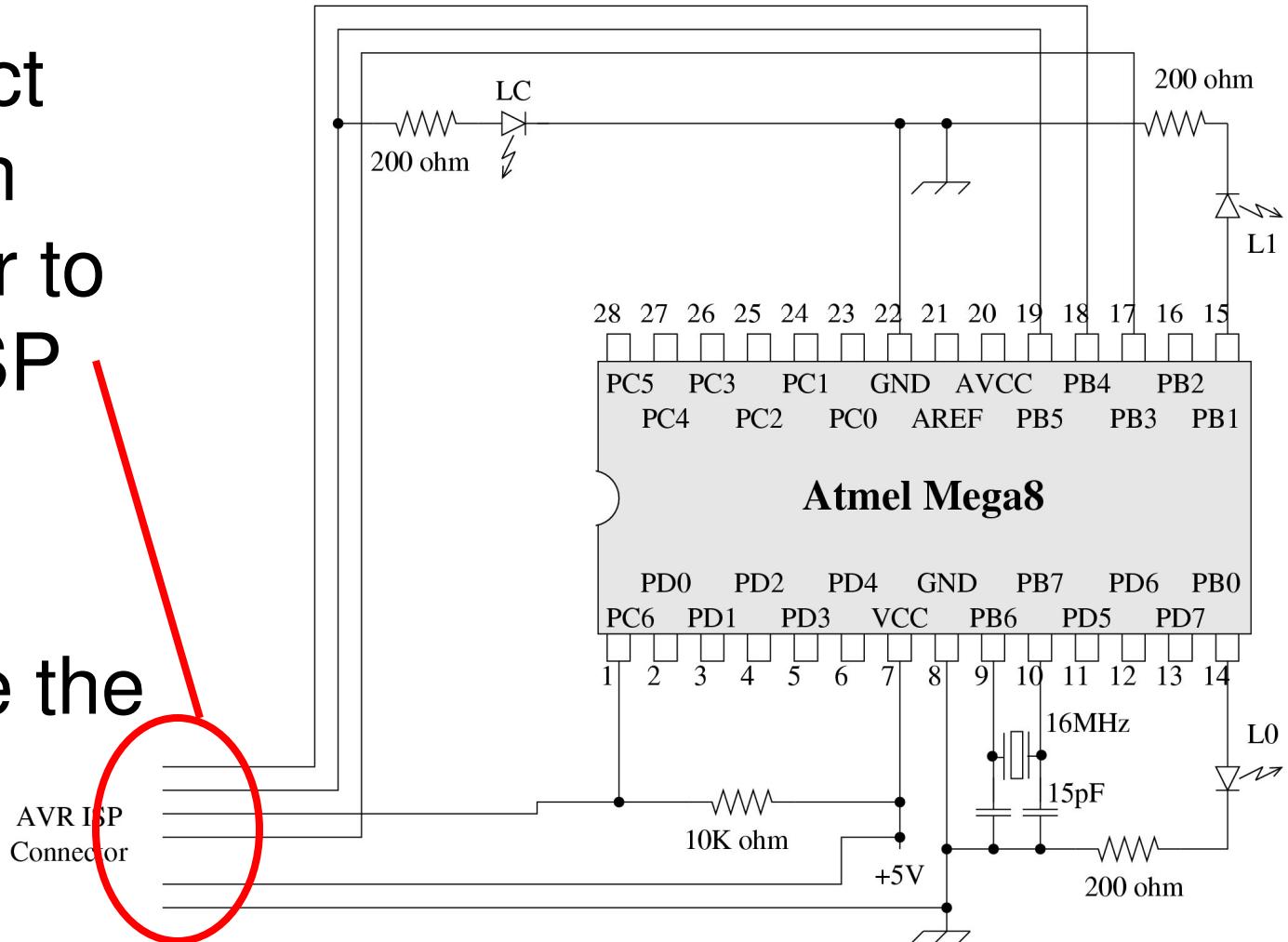
```
int main(void)
{
    uint8_t counter;
    ioinit();
    for(counter = 60; counter < 150;
        counter += 5)
    {
        set_throttle(counter);
        delay_ms(500);
    }
}
```

A More Complicated Circuit (Projects 2-4)



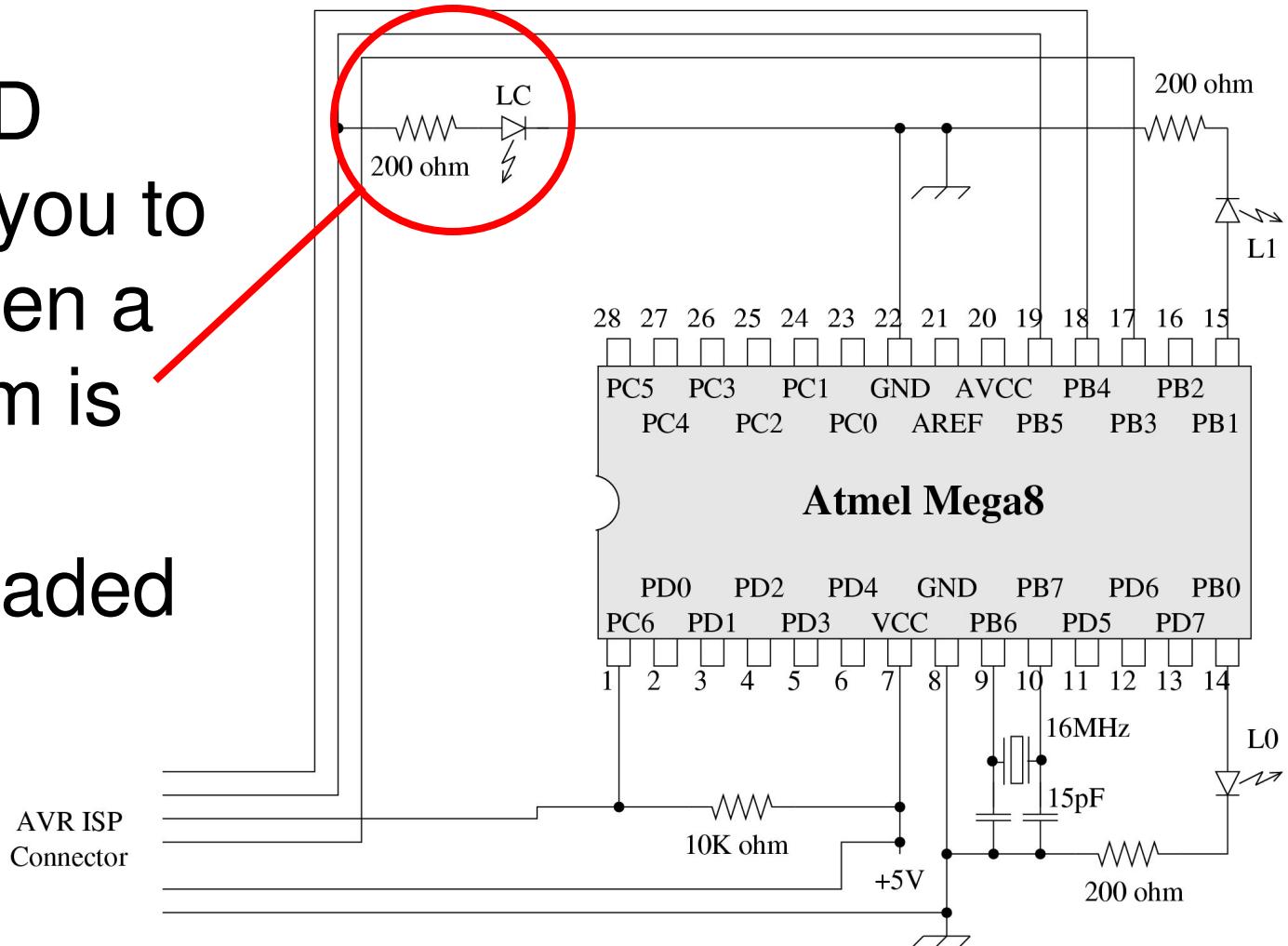
A More Complicated Circuit

- Connect through adapter to AVR ISP
- Do not reverse the pins!



A More Complicated Circuit

Extra LED
allows you to
see when a
program is
being
downloaded

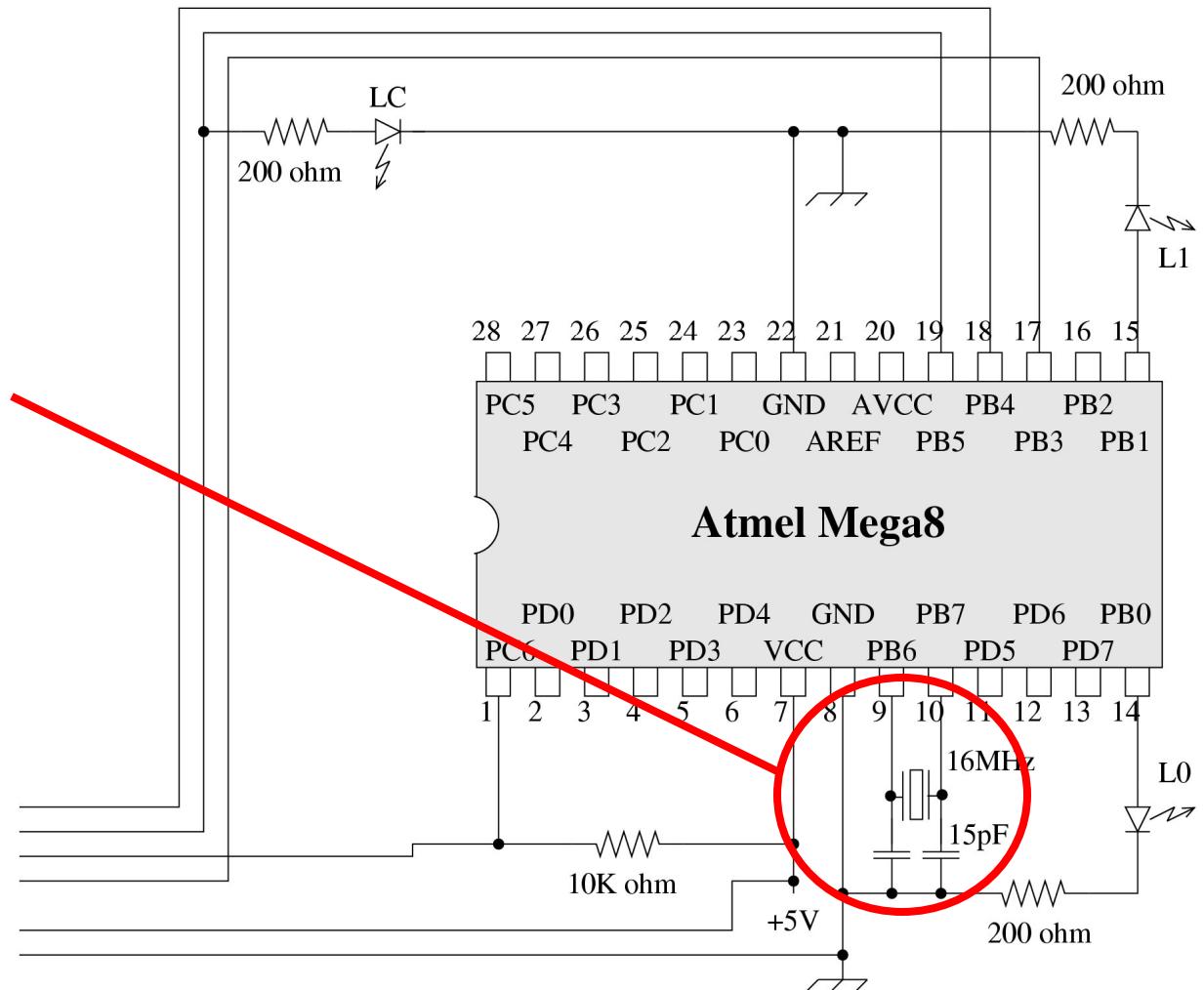


A More Complicated Circuit

16 MHz crystal

- Optional!
- Without it,
your
processor will
run at 1MHz
(in general,
we will use
16MHz clock)

AVR ISP
Connector



Project 2 In-Class Work I

- Given: a compass bearing and a goal bearing
- How do you properly compute the difference between the two?
 - Must account for the fact that 5 degrees is near 355 degrees
 - We also call this the **heading error**

Project 2 In-Class Work II

Given the current compass heading: how do you estimate the yaw velocity?

- Again – you must deal with the issue of wrap-around
- Hint: assuming that the heading goal is not changing, error velocity and yaw velocity will be the same thing

Project 2 In-Class Work III

What does the implementation of
get_heading() look like?