

# AME 3623: Embedded Real-Time Systems

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# What is an Embedded System?

# What is an Embedded System?

- Computing system with a non-standard interface (often no keyboard or screen)
- Often involved in sensing and control (and may not even talk to a human)
- Typically a custom system for a very specific application

# What is an Embedded System? (cont)

- Limited processing capabilities:
  - Can be extremely small
  - Can require a small amount of power
- Can have significant real-time constraints
  - Act on inputs very quickly
  - Generate high-frequency outputs
- Often a higher expectation of reliability

# Examples of Embedded Systems

# Robotics

Mark Tilden  
Los Alamos  
National Labs  
and Wowwee

picture from  
*Robosapiens*

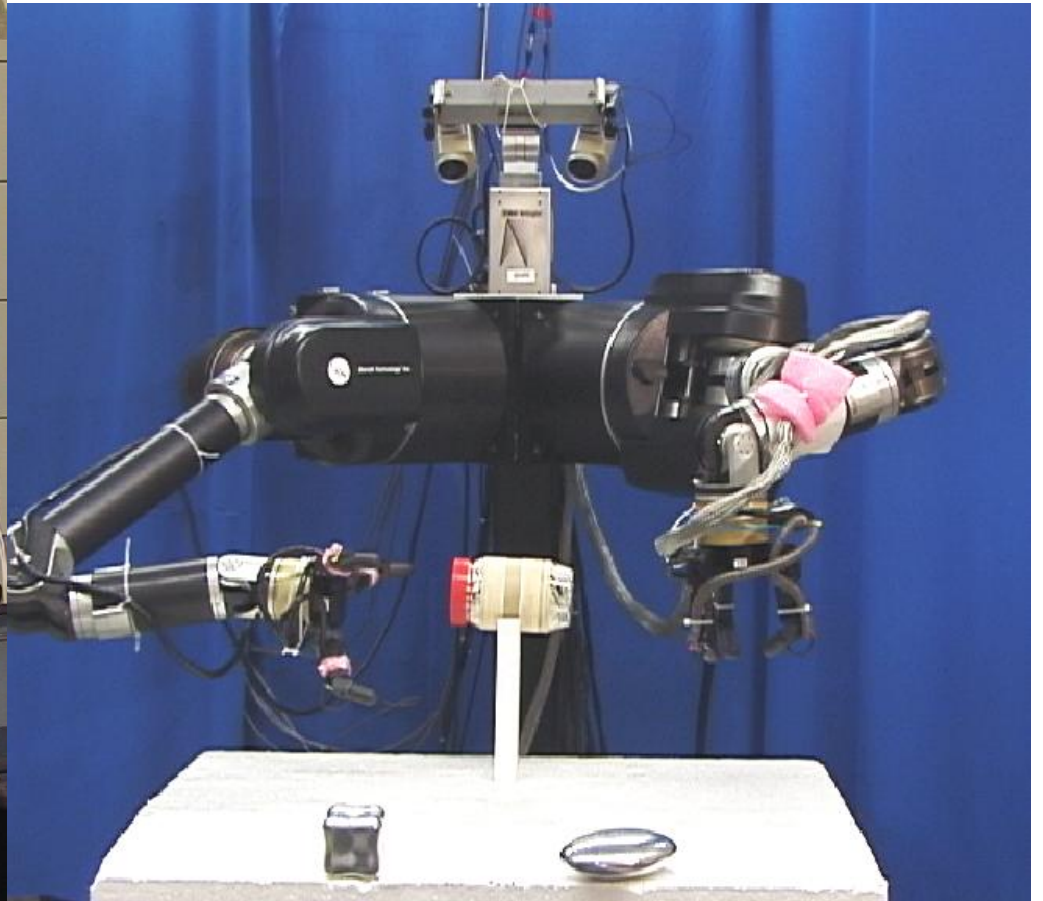


# Humanoid Robotics

NASA/JSC Robonaut



UMass Torso



# Real-Time Robotic Control



Andrew H. Fagg: Embedded Real-Time Systems: Introduction



# Dual-Limb Coordination



# Personal Satellite Assistants

NASA Ames  
Research Center

picture from  
*Robosapiens*



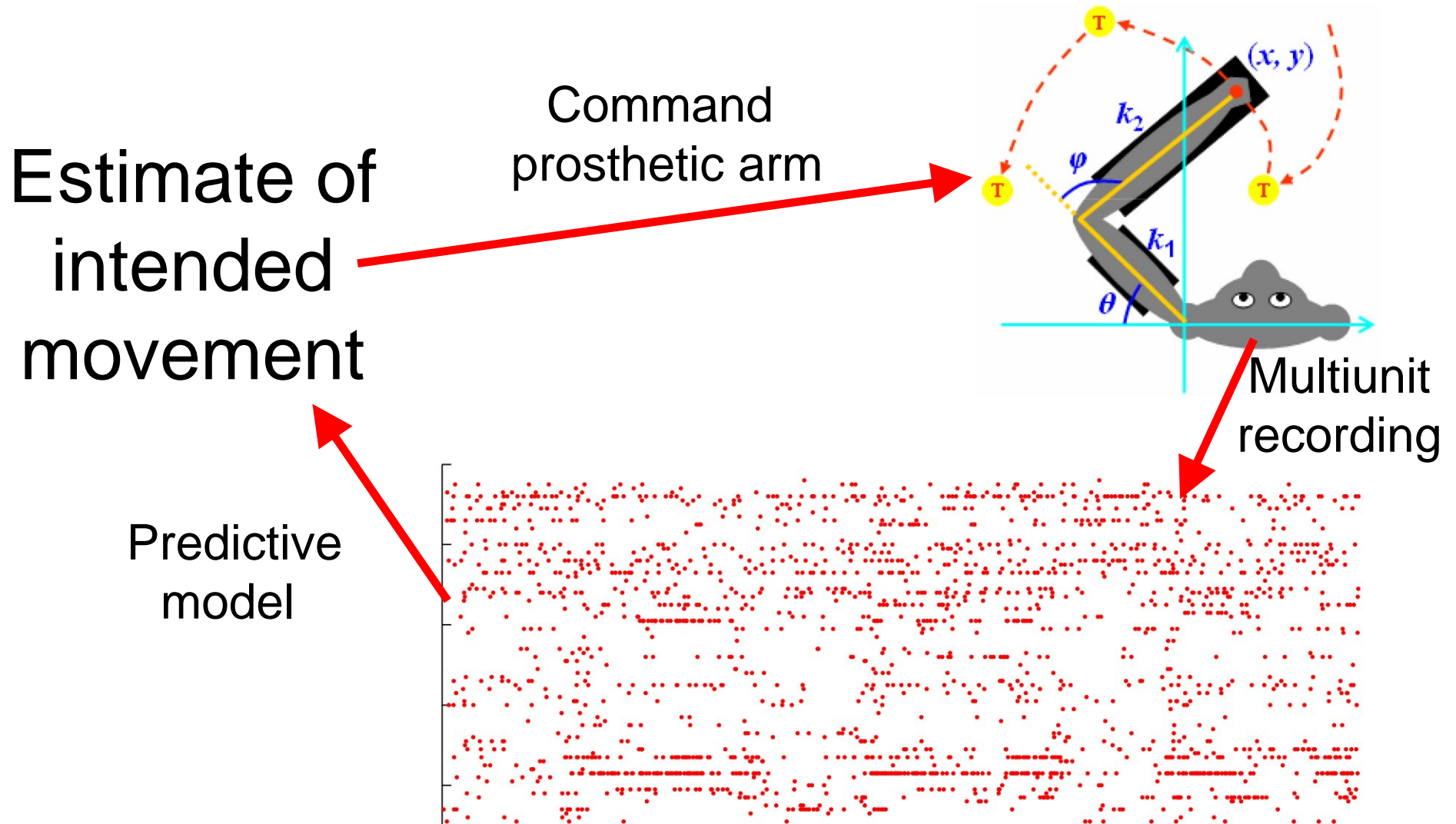
# Intelligent Prosthetics

Hugh Herr  
MIT Leg Lab

picture from  
*Robosapiens*



# Brain-Machine Interfaces



In collaboration with Nicholas G. Hatsopoulos and Lee E. Miller

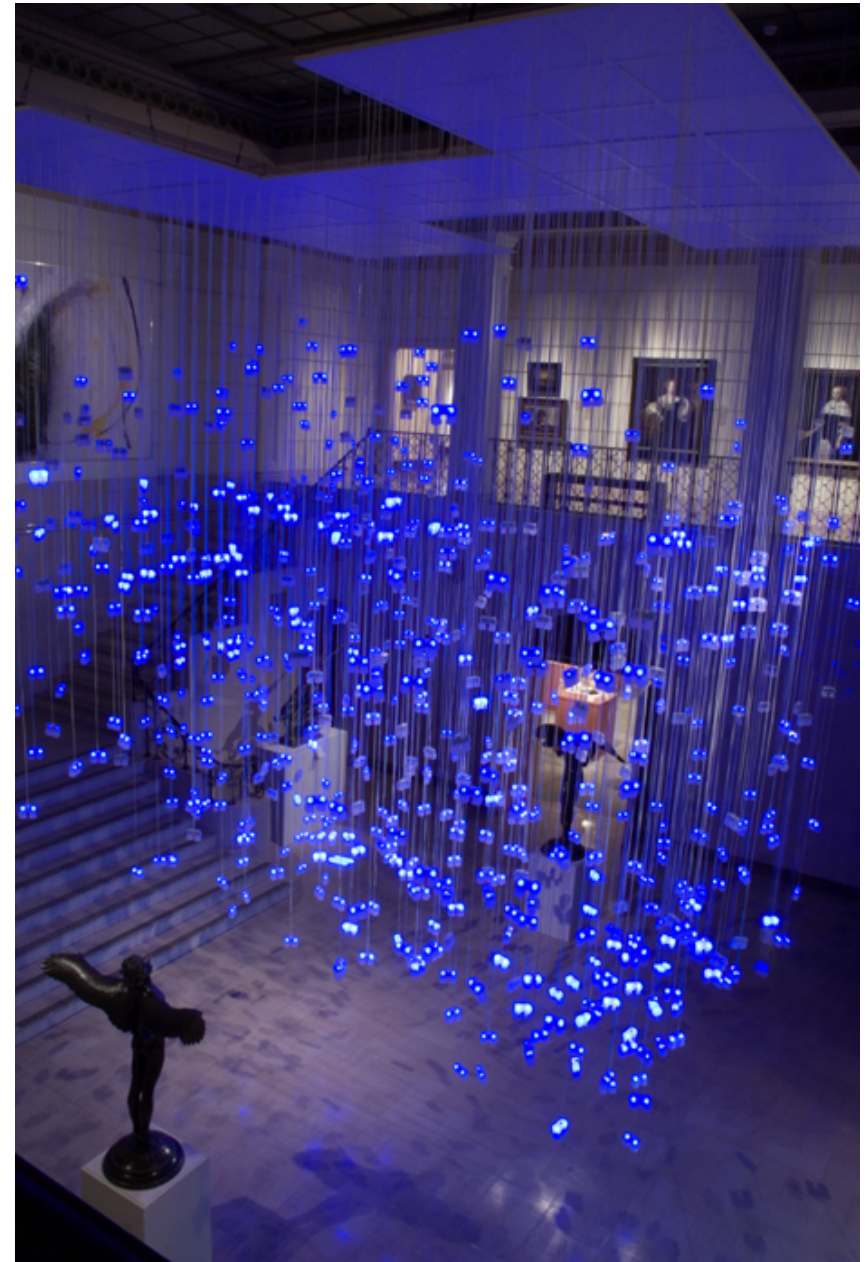
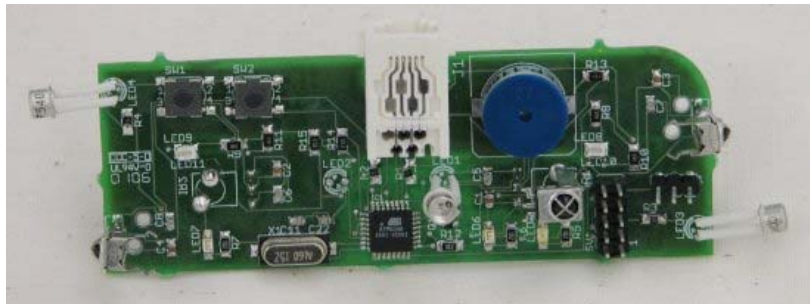
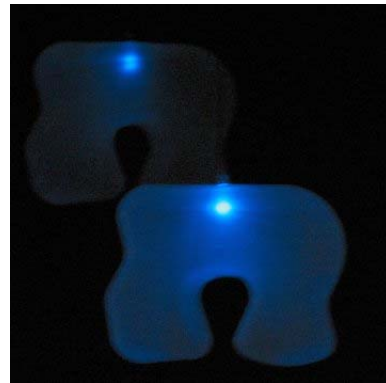
# Real-Time Activity Recognition for Assistive Robotics



OU Crawling Assistant  
(Kolobe, Fagg, Miller, Southerland)

# Sensor Networks

1000 sensor nodes



# Embedded Systems Challenges

# Embedded Systems Challenges

- Sensing the environment:
  - Sensors are typically far from ideal (noise, nonlinearities, etc.)
  - Sensors/subsystems can fail
  - Hard to get a ‘complete’ view of the environment
- Affecting the environment through “actuators”
  - Application can require fast, precise responses



# Embedded Systems Challenges (cont)

- Testing/debugging can be very difficult:
  - Hard to identify and replicate all possible situations
  - Often involves the interaction of many different components
  - Often no standard user interface
  - Limited on-board resources with which to record system state
- Competing requirements of cost, complexity, design time, size, power...

# Embedded Systems Challenges (cont)

- Lack of reliability can be a killer .....  
literally

# My Assumptions About You

- Circuits and sensors class (or equivalent):
  - Boolean logic and circuits (AND/OR/NOT gates)
  - Analog circuits (in particular, resistive-capacitive circuits)
- Some background in programming
  - We will be using C for all projects
- Everyone has a functional laptop that can be used for the projects

# Course Goals

By the end of this course, you will be able to:

- design and implement embedded circuits involving microcontrollers, sensors and actuators,
- use code and circuit design tools,
- design, program and debug embedded sensing and control software,
- work in collaborative teams to solve system design and implementation challenges, and
- communicate in both oral and written forms with team members.

# Sources of Information

- Primary readings: web pages and book sections (posted on D2L & linked in the schedule)
- Pencasts: recorded audio & writing
- Other textbooks:
  - Optional reference material listed on the class website
- Class web page: [www.cs.ou.edu/~fagg/classes/ame3623](http://www.cs.ou.edu/~fagg/classes/ame3623)
- Desire2Learn: [learn.ou.edu](http://learn.ou.edu)

You are responsible for making sure that you have access to all of these resources



Time Systems, Introduction

# “Flipped” Class Structure

We will be experimenting some with a new class structure this semester:

- Some lecture material will be presented as pencasts. You are responsible for viewing these **before** our class time. (this is your homework)
- In class, we will address any questions that you have about the pencasts, expand on the material and do in-class exercises (some of which will be graded)

# Class Schedule

[www.cs.ou.edu/~fagg/classes/ame3623/schedule.html](http://www.cs.ou.edu/~fagg/classes/ame3623/schedule.html)

- Lecture plans
- Required reading and pencast viewing



# Channels of Communication

- Lecture
- Class email list: time-critical messages to the class
- Desire2Learn announcements
- Desire2Learn discussion group: you may post questions (and answers)
- Private email or office hours for non-public questions/discussions

# Grading

- Components of your grade:
  - Midterm exam: 10%
  - Final exam: 20%
  - In-class exercises: 25%
  - Four projects: 40%
  - In-class participation: 5%
- Grades will be posted on the Desire2Learn
- Final grades boundaries will be selected based on the overall class distribution

# Exams

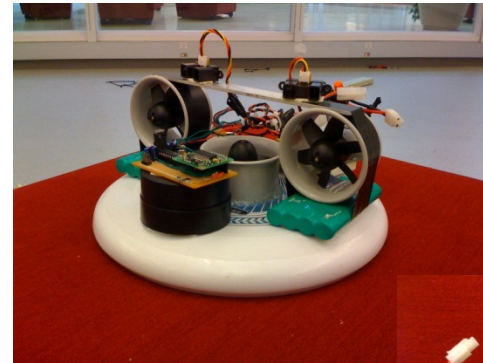
- Closed book/closed notes
  - Exception: you are allowed 1 page of your own notes
- Assigned seating
- No electronic devices
- Grading questions must be addressed before the returned exams leave the classroom

# In-Class Exercises

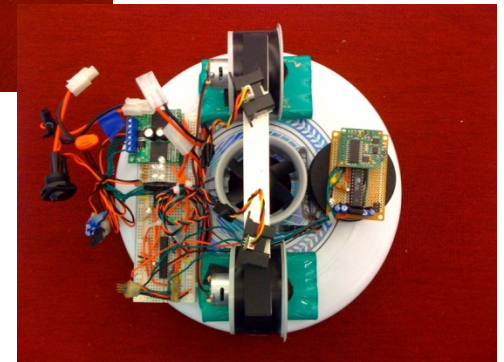
- Mixture of individual and paired work
- Some will be graded

# Group Projects

- Four group projects will focus on sensor processing and design of robot control circuits



- Project Topics:
  - Digital and Analog I/O
  - Intra-processor communication
  - Motor control
  - Finite-state machines and microcontrollers



# Project Grading

Group grades are a function of:

- Code correctness and readability
- Documentation
- Demonstration and presentation

Individual grades:

- Group grade scaled by your personal contribution, plus
- Personal contribution (must have 2 significant contributions over the course of the semester)

# Group Projects (cont)

- Lab space: Felgar Hall 300
- Groups will be of size 2-3 and will be assigned
- Be ready to demonstrate project by the due date
- Projects require more than a day to complete
- Project reports in **pdf or postscript** format
- Code handed in through your group's "subversion" tree
- Projects may be late (but I do not recommend this): 0-24 hrs: 10% penalty; 24-48 hrs: 20% penalty; 48+ hrs: 100% penalty

# Classroom Conduct

- Ask plenty of questions
- Contribute to the discussions
  
- No: cell phone use (including texting)
- No: laptop use (except for classroom exercises)
  
- More details in the syllabus



# Proper Academic Conduct

## Projects:

- All work must be that of your group: no looking at, discussing or copying solutions from other groups or from the net
- General discussion is (again) OK

## Secure your data

# Next Time

- Analog circuits review
- Review readings and pencasts: see the schedule page