

Getting Started

See: <http://www.cs.ou.edu/~fagg/classes/general/atmel/>

Summary:

- Install compiler
- Download your subversion tree
 - Today: work in “testproject”
- Plug the programmer into your computer
- Plug the programmer into the Arduino board
- Create a program

Subversion

Similar to “Dropbox”: allows you to easily share a folder across multiple computers

Subversion

Key commands:

- **Checkout:** get initial copy of the shared folder
- **Add:** mark a file or a folder as shared
 - Only share necessary files: .c, .h, makefile, .ppt, .pptx, .avrsln, .avrsuo
 - Don't share: .o, .hex
- **Update:** copy changes to the folder down to your computer
- **Commit:** copy your changes to the folder up to the server

Subversion

When you sit down to work:

- It is best if you are the only one editing a particular file (so coordinate with your group members)
- Perform an update
- Make your changes (until you are happy)
- Add any new files
- Commit your changes:
 - Always remember to do this when you are done

Subversion

Conflicts occur when two people edit the same file & then try to check in their changes

- The second person to commit will end up with several versions of the file in their folder:
 - A file with the two sets of changes (with changes clearly marked)
 - A file each that corresponds to the changes made by one individual
- The second person must select one, copy it over to the original file name, make any necessary changes, and commit again

Downloads from Atmel HOWTO

Already in your subversion tree:

- lib/libou_atmega2560.a
- include/oulib.h
- include/oulib_serial_buffered.h
- testproject/makefile
- project1/makefile

For Unix users (also in your tree):

- makefile

Compiling and Downloading (the Unix way)

- Makefile:
 - Modify the “TARGET” and “OULIB_DIR” lines for your program
- Type “make”
 - You should see no errors
- Type “make program”
 - This will download your code to the processor
 - Again, you should see no errors

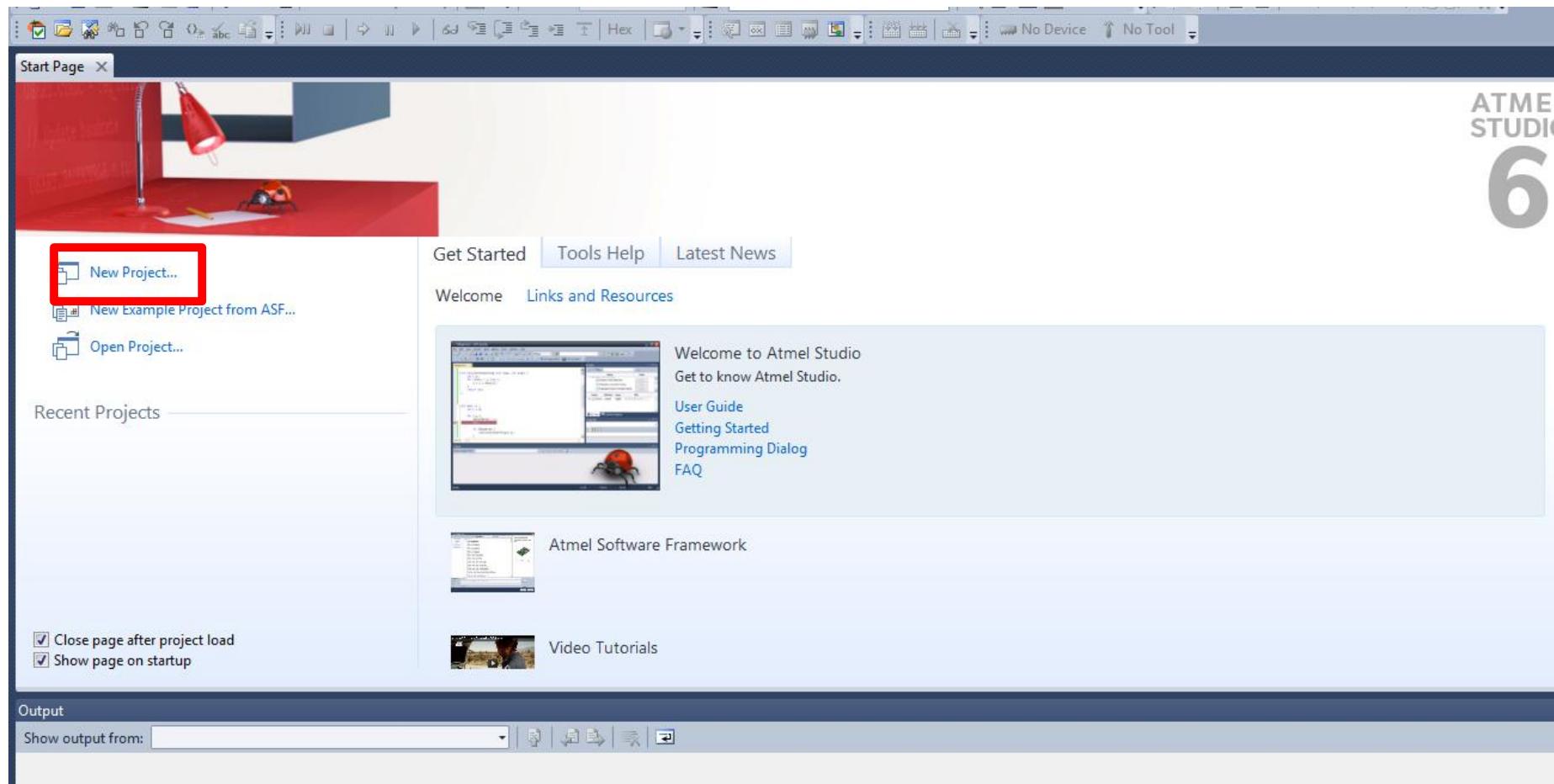
Plan for Today

- Start working through exercise 1
 - All group members must show some form of LED control
 - Groups need to show some wiring of additional LEDs
- Project 1

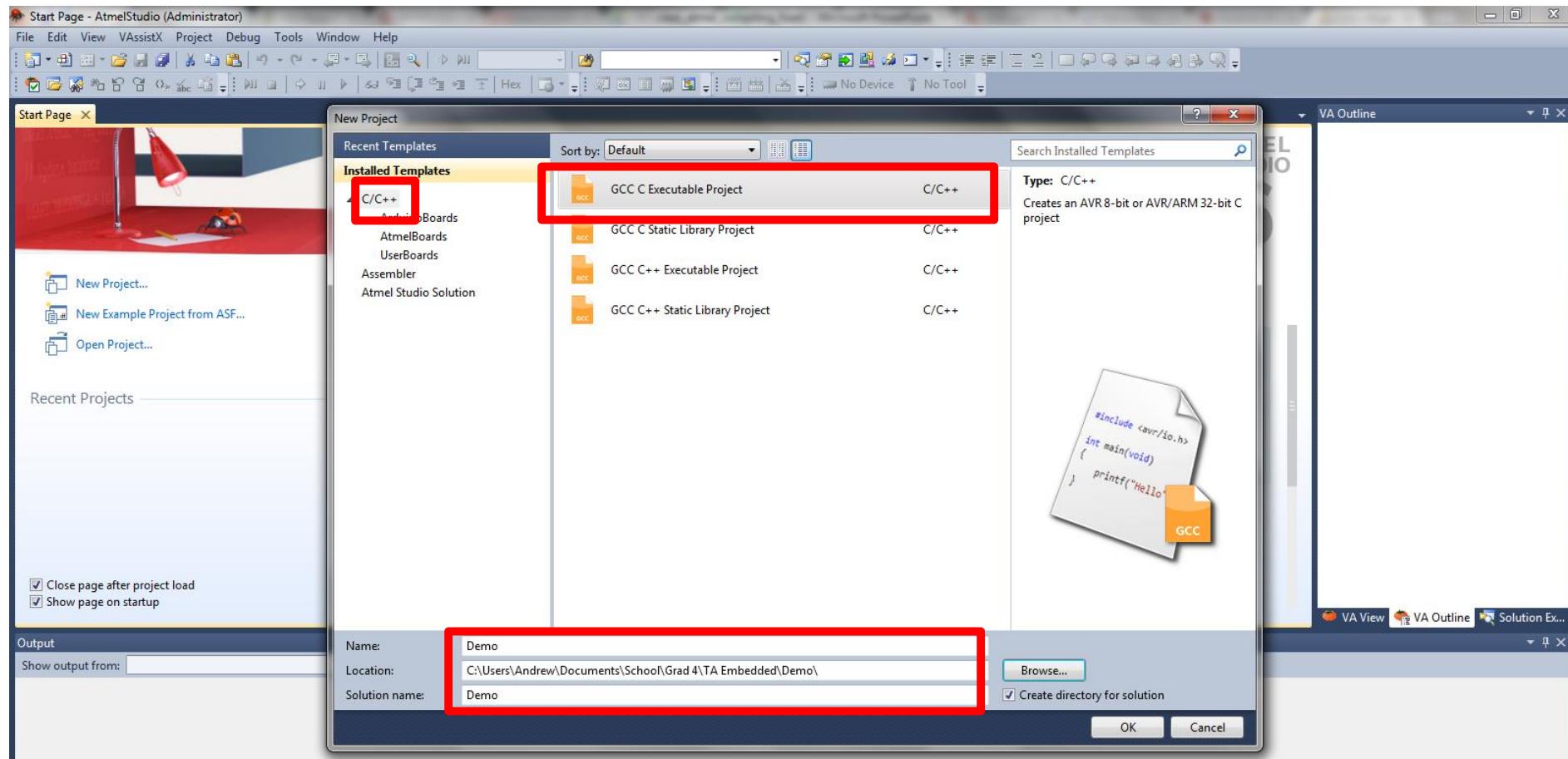
Everyone must demonstrate:

- Svn works
- Compiling/downloading to Atmel works

Windows: Getting Started



New Project

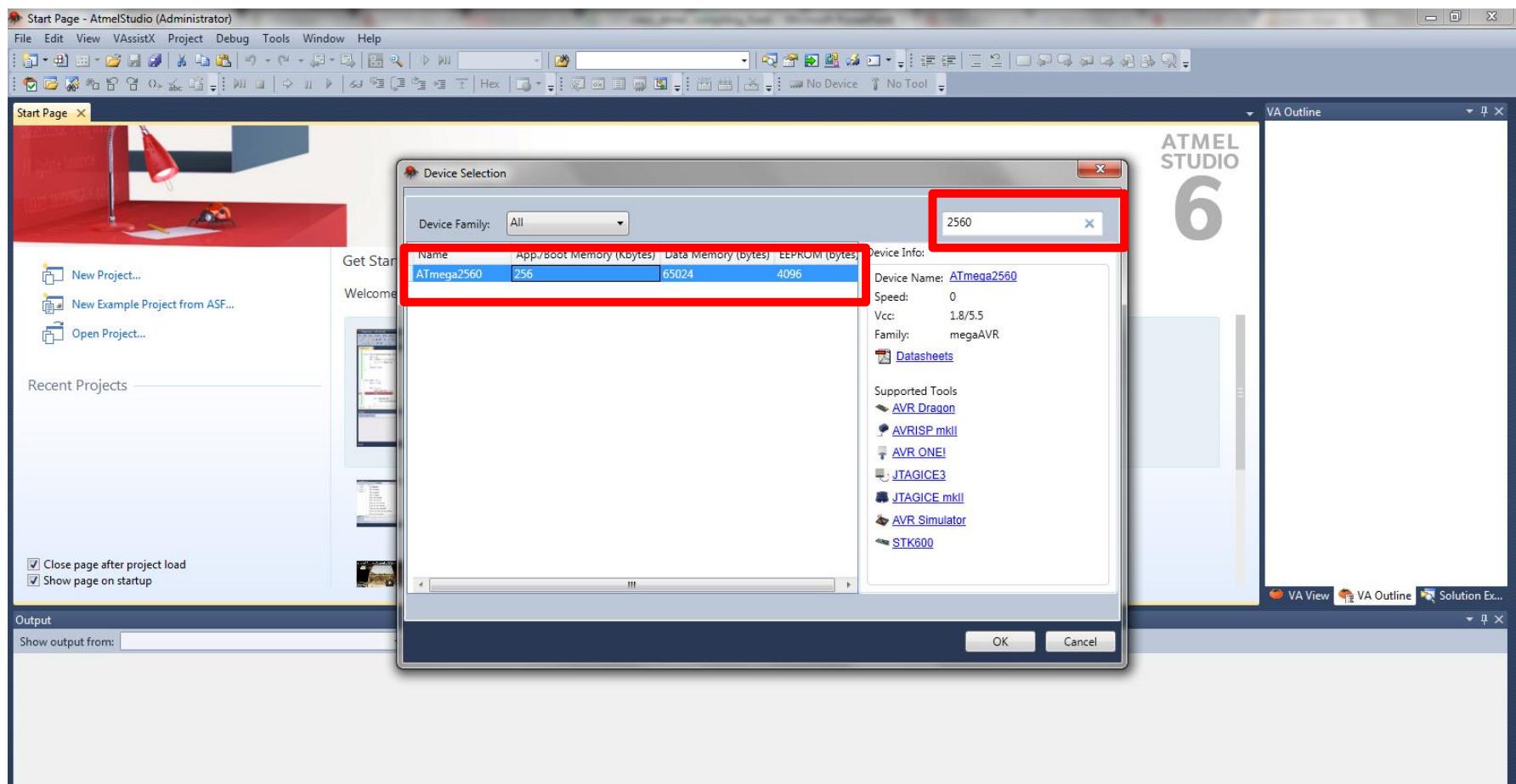


Location: csesX (your svn folder)

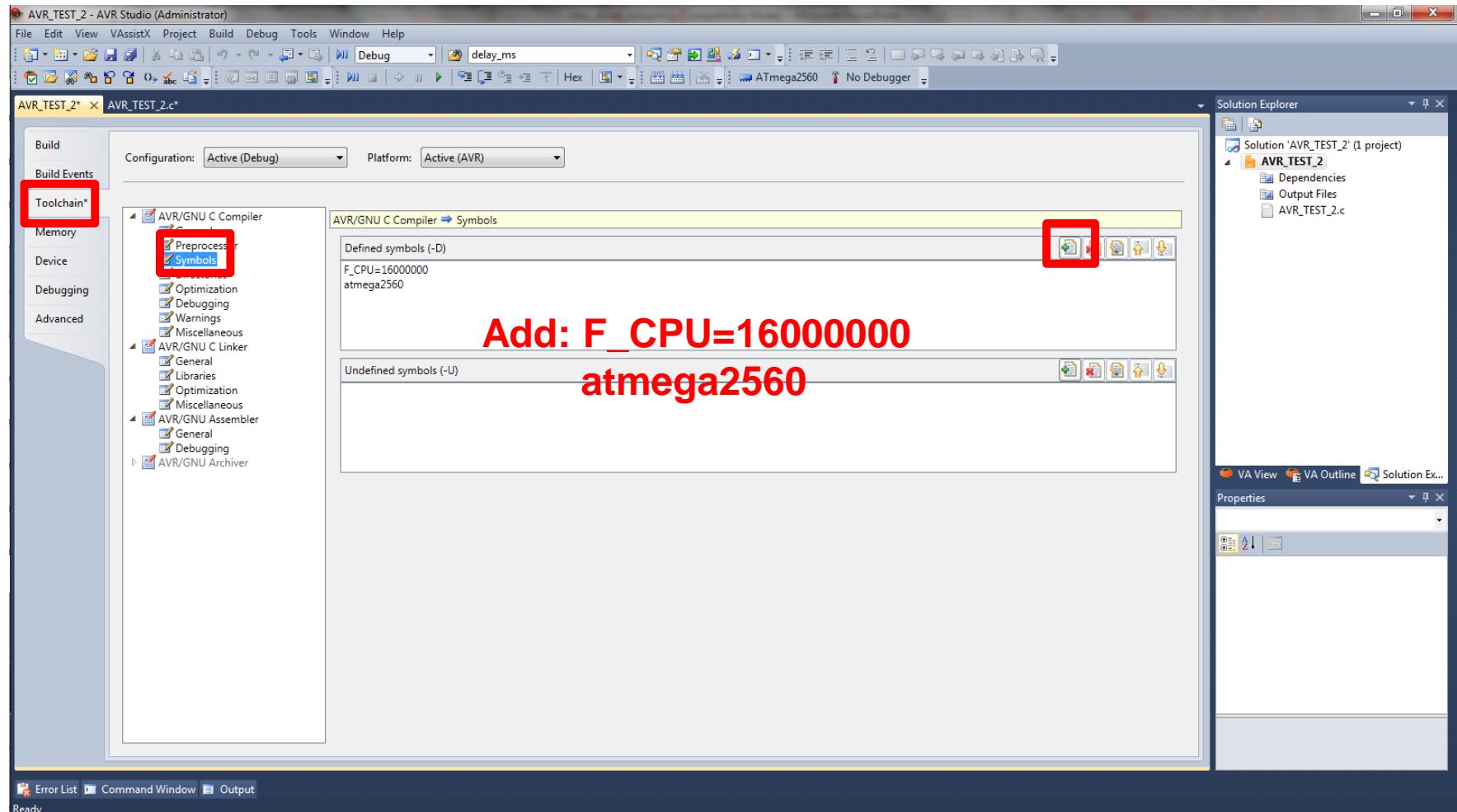
Name: testproject (for today)

Andrew H. Fagg: Embedded Real-time Systems: Atmel Compiling

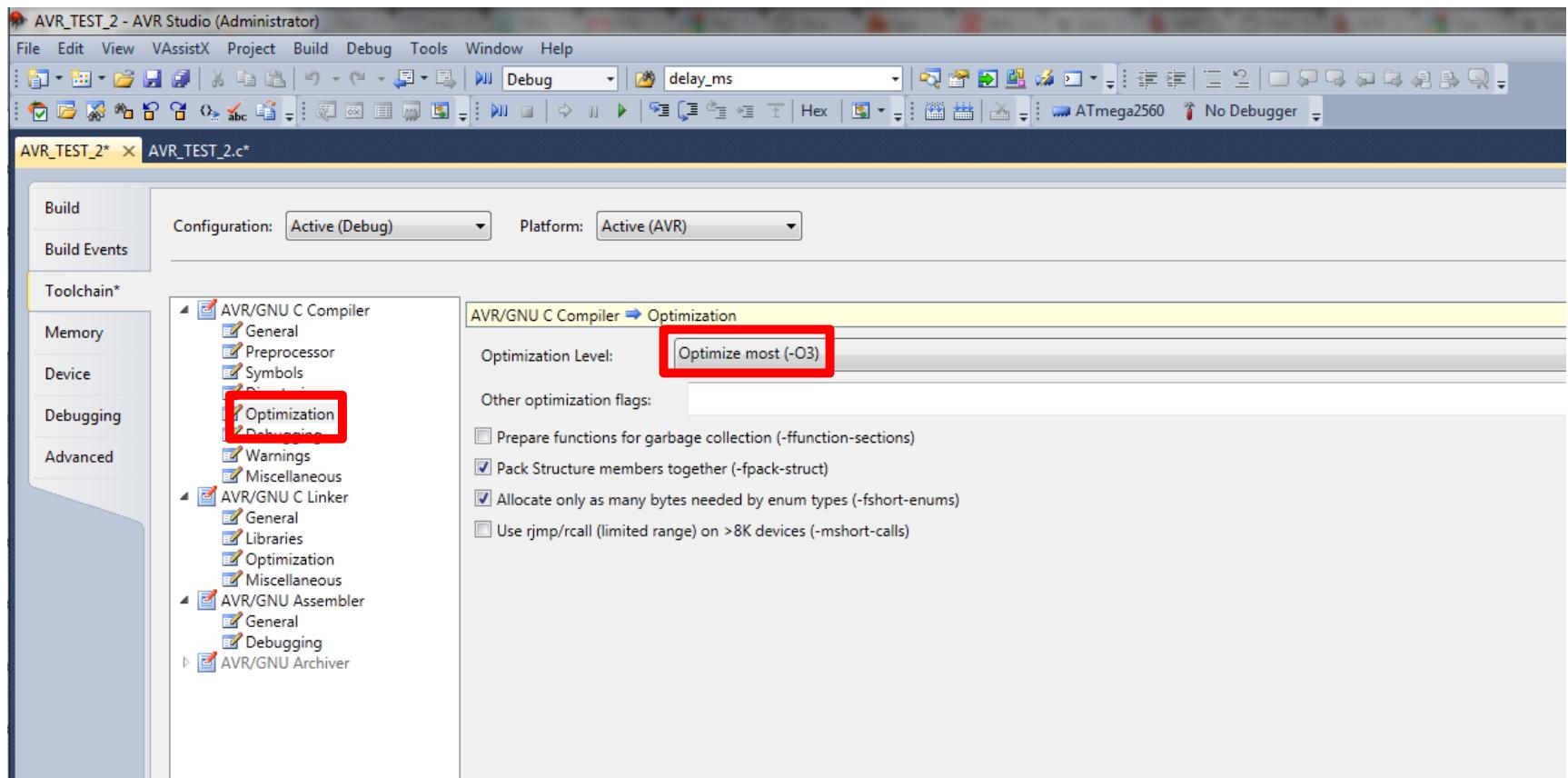
Select the ATmega2560



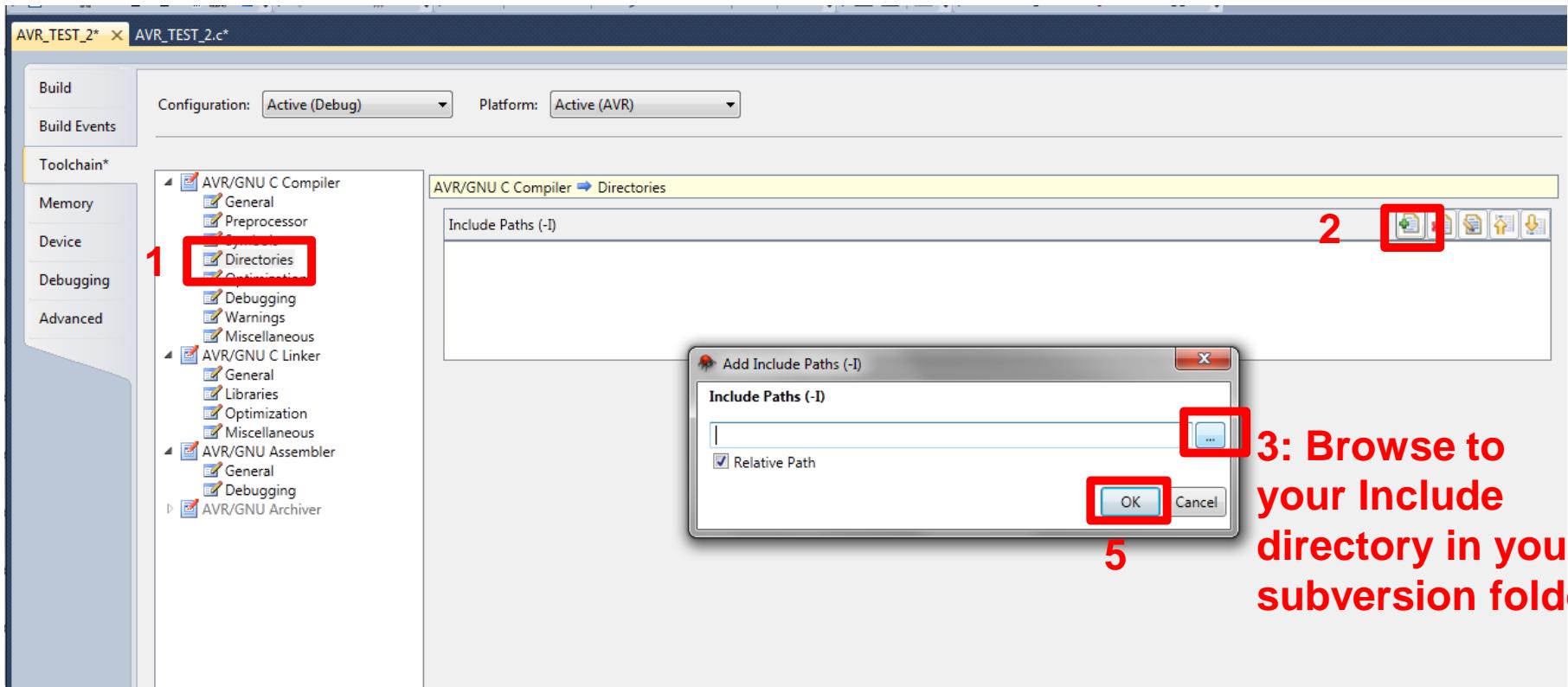
Project ➔ <Project Name> Properties (Alt+F7)



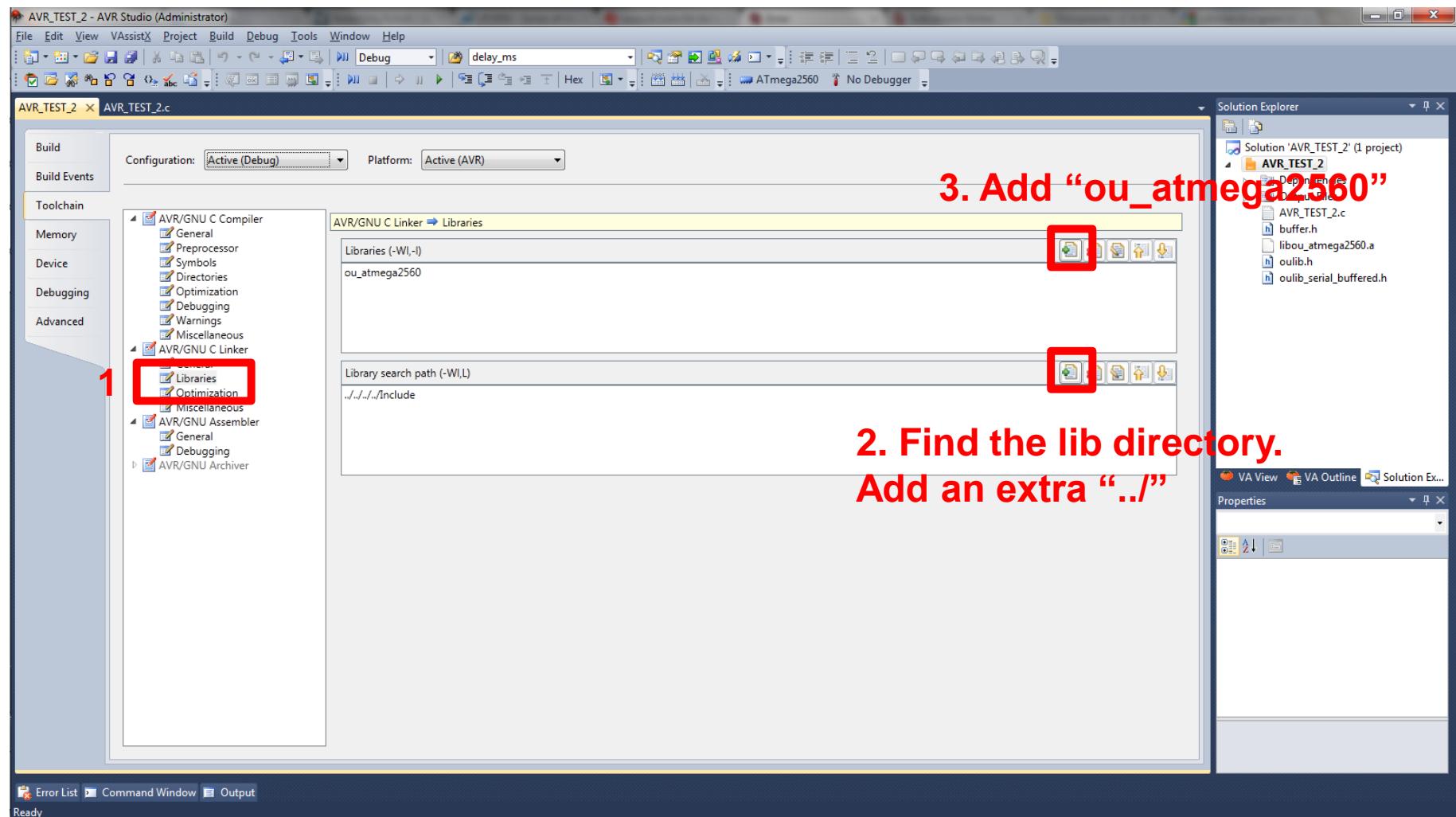
Compiler Optimization



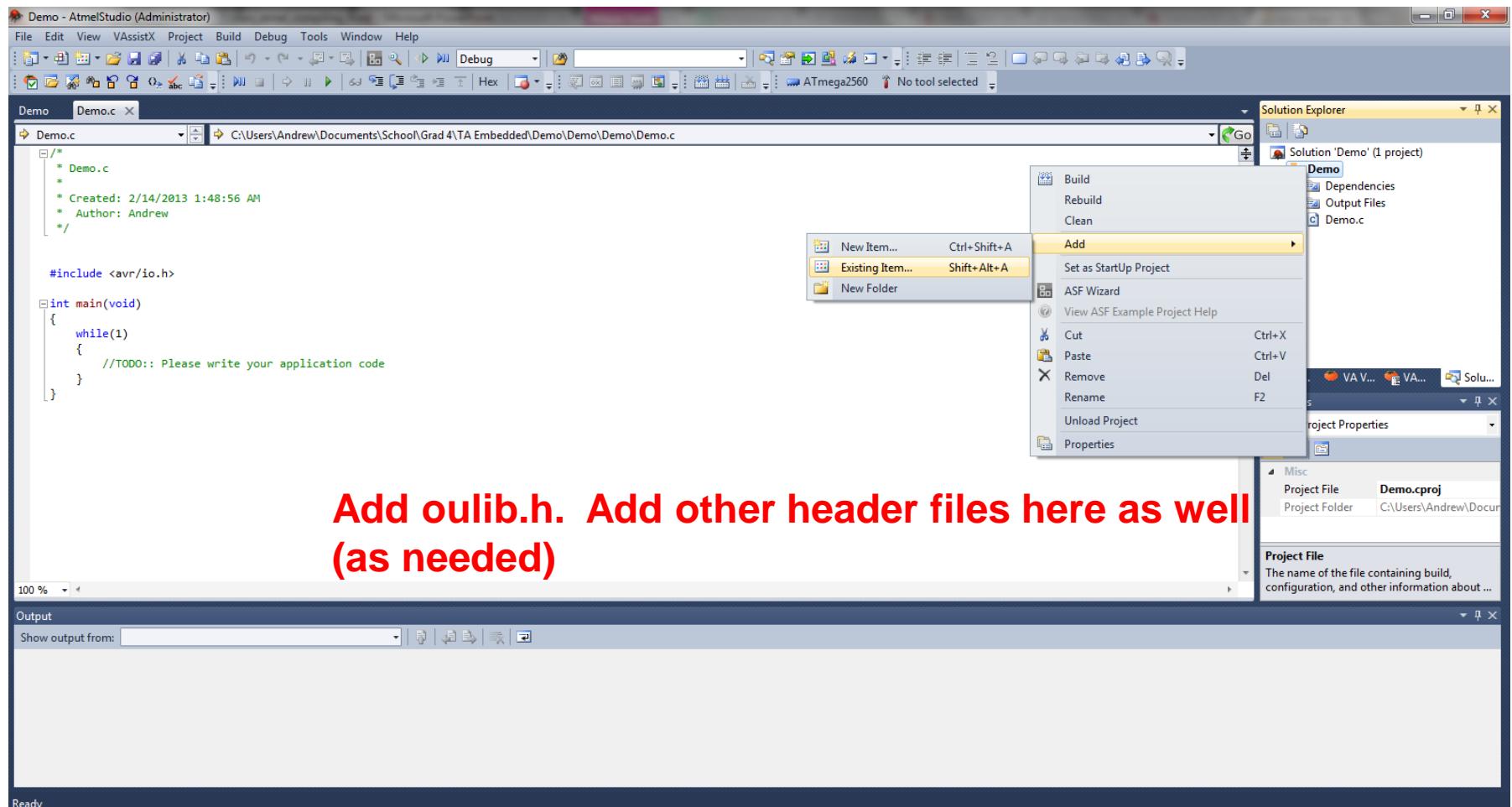
Add Directories



Add Libraries



Add Header Files

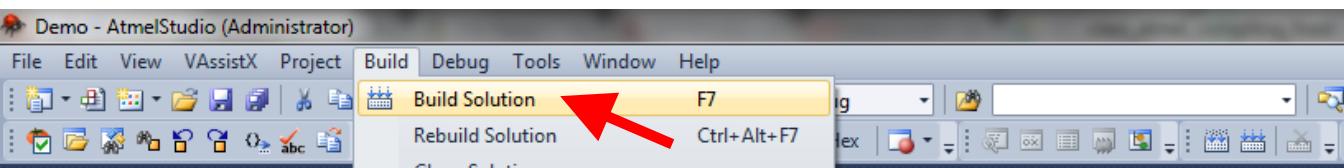


Now for the code...

```
#include "oulib.h"

int main(void)
{
    DDRB = 0x80;           // port B, pin 7

    while(1) {
        PORTB ^= 0x80;
        delay_ms(500);
    }
}
```

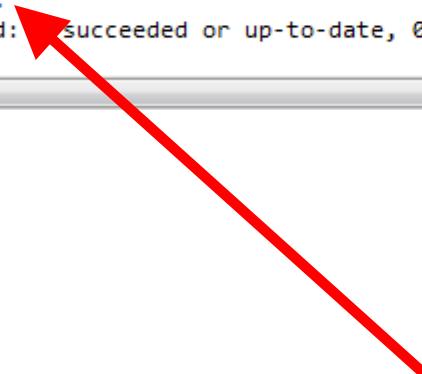


Build menu: Build

```
/*  
 * Demo.c  
 *  
 * Created: 2/14/2013 1:45:21 PM  
 * Author: Andrew  
 */  
  
#include <avr/io.h>  
  
int main(void)  
{  
    while(1)  
    {  
        //TODO:: Please write your application code  
    }  
}
```

```
Output
Show output from: Build
Done building target "CoreBuild" in project "Demo.cproj".
Target "PostBuildEvent" skipped, due to false condition; ('$(PostBuildEvent)' != '') was evaluated as ('' != '').
Target "Build" in file "C:\Program Files (x86)\Atmel\Atmel Studio 6.0\Vs\Avr.common.targets" from project "C:\Users\Andrew\Docum
Done building target "Build" in project "Demo.cproj".
Done building project "Demo.cproj".

Build succeeded.
===== Build: succeeded or up-to-date, 0 failed, 0 skipped ======
```

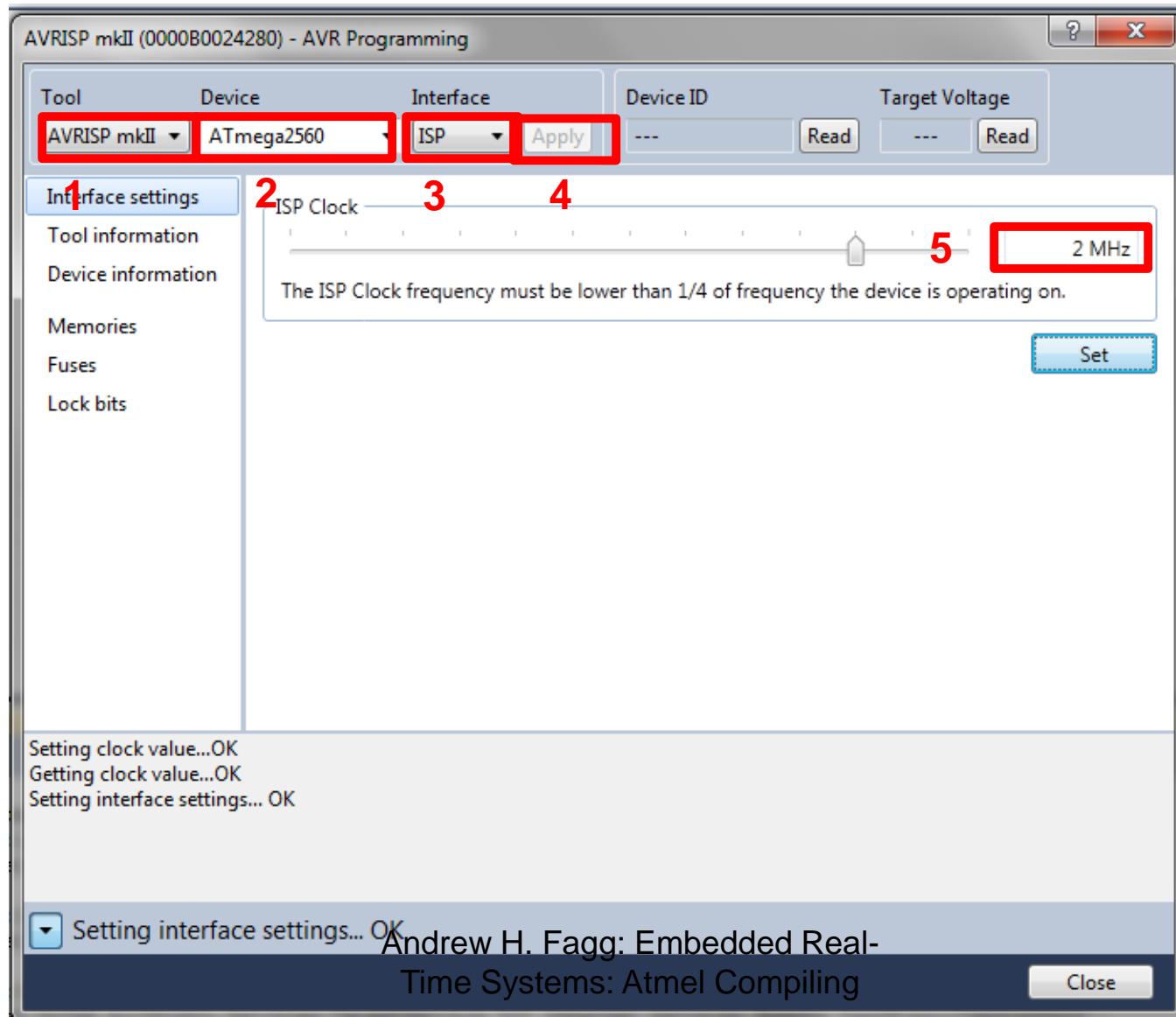


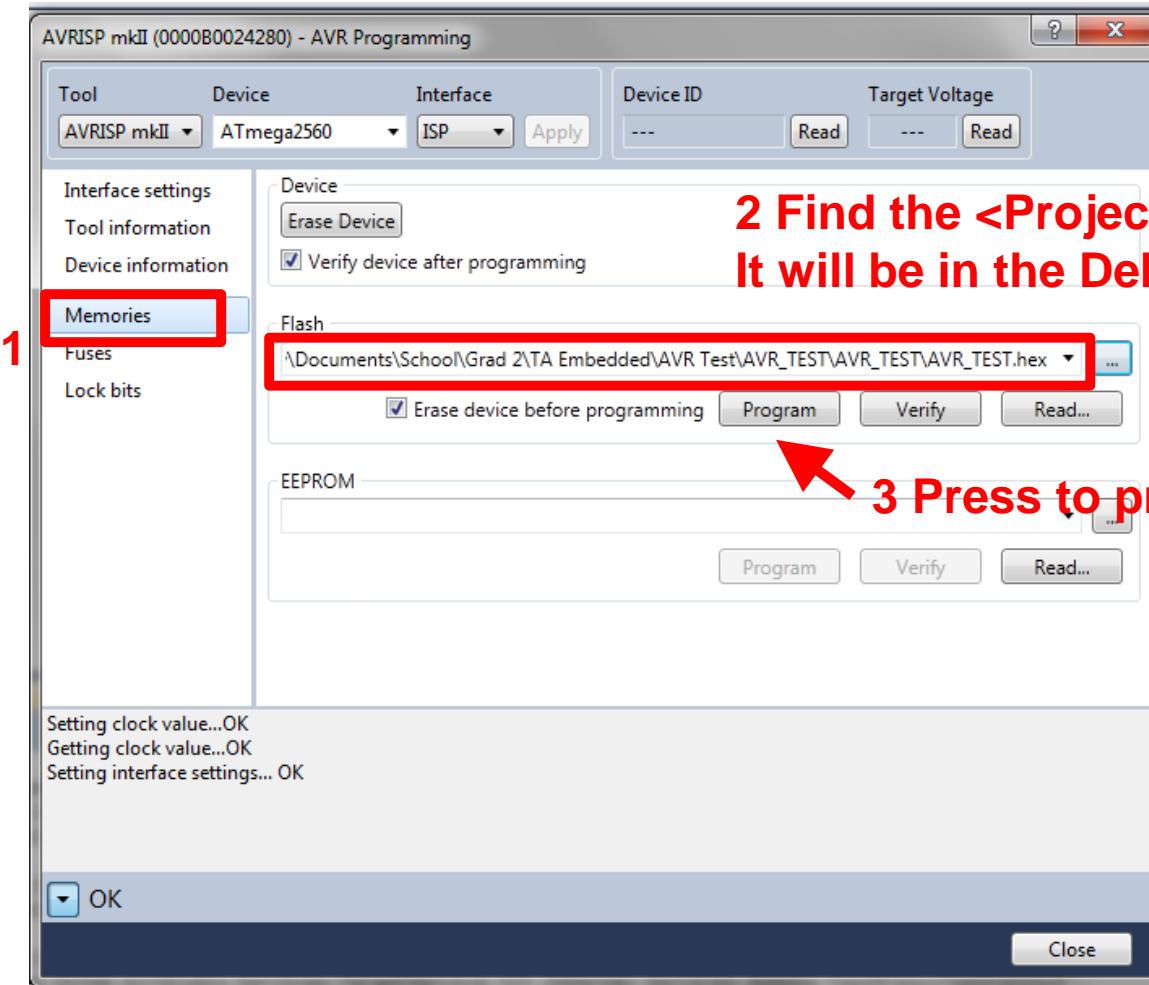
You should get this

Now We Are Ready...

- Plug the programmer into your computer and into the Arduino board (If it is not already)
- Make sure your Arduino board has power
 - Either from USB or batteries
- And download the program...
 - Tools Menu: Device Programming

Select the AVR Mk II





Flashing?

Your program will start executing as soon as the download is complete ...

Your on-board Light Emitting Diode should be blinking at 1 Hertz (once per second)

Next Task

- Add several more LEDs in a line
- Write a program that turns the LEDs on in sequence