CS 2334: Programming Structures and Abstractions Final Exam December 18, 2015

General instructions:

- Please wait to open this exam booklet until you are told to do so.
- This examination booklet has 18 pages. You also have been issued a bubble sheet.
- Write your name, university ID number and date, and sign your name below. Also, write your name and ID number on your bubble sheet, and fill in the bubbles for your ID.
- You may have up to five pages of your own notes. No electronic devices or books may be used.
- The exam is worth a total of 220 points. Your grade counts for 20% of your final grade.
- You have 2 hours to complete the exam. Be a smart test taker: if you get stuck on one problem go on to the next.
- Use your bubble sheet to answer all multiple-choice questions. Make sure that the question number and the bubble row number match when you are answering each question.

On my honor, I affirm that I have neither given nor received inappropriate aid in the completion of this exam.

Signature:
ID Number:
Date:

Question	Points	Score
Objects and Inheritance	15	
Abstract Classes and Interfaces	15	
Exceptions and Error Handling	14	
Generics	21	
Java Collections Framework	28	
Enumerated Data Types	12	
Graphical User Interfaces and Graphics	35	
Recursion	32	
Ethics	48	
Total:	220	

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Part I. Objects and Inheritance

1. (5 points) Which of the following lines will not compile?

```
public class A {};
public class B extends A {};

public class InheritanceTest {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     ArrayList<A> a = new ArrayList<A>();
     ArrayList<B> b = new ArrayList<B>();

     a.add(new A()); // Line 1

     a.add(new B()); // Line 2

     b.add(new B()); // Line 3

     b.add(new A()); // Line 4
   }
}
```

- A. Line 1 B. Line 2 C. Line 3 D. Line 4 E. All lines will compile
- 2. (5 points) What is the output of the code?

```
int a = 6;
double c = 8;
double b = c * 9 - a;
c += b;
System.out.println(c);
```

- A. 32.0 B. 74.0 C. 74.0 D. 74.0 E. Runtime error F. Compiler error
- 3. (5 points) Is the following class mutable or immutable?

```
public class Person{
  private String firstName;
  private String lastName;

  public Person(String firstName, String lastName){
    this.firstName = firstName;
    this.lastName = lastName;
  }

  public StringBuffer getName(){
    return new StringBuffer(lastName + ", " + firstName);
  }
}
```

A. Immutable B. Mutable

Part II. Abstract Classes and Interfaces

- 4. (5 points) Any class that implements an interface must provide implementations for all of the interface's abstract methods.
 - A. True B. False C. Answer not shown
- 5. (5 points) What methods must the following class implement?

- A. int compareTo(Integer i) and int compare(Integer i1, Integer i2)
- B. int compareTo(MyInteger i) and int compare(Integer i1, Integer i2)
- C. int compareTo(Integer i) and int compare(MyInteger i1, MyInteger i2)
- D. int compareTo(MyInteger i) and int compare(MyInteger i1, MyInteger i2)
- E. Answer not shown
- 6. (5 points) What methods must the following class implement?

```
public class KeyHandler extends KeyAdapter {...}
```

- A. void keyPressed(KeyEvent e)
- B. void keyReleased(KeyEvent e)
- C. void keyTyped(KeyEvent e)
- D. All of the above
- E. None of the above

Consider the following program:

```
public class Compute {
  public static int compB(int k) throws IOException{
    if(k < 20) {
     throw new NumberFormatException("Error B");
    if(k < 30) {
     throw new IOException ("Error C");
    return k;
  public static int compA(int j){
    int ret = -1;
    try {
     if(compB(j) > 40)
       throw new NumberFormatException("Error A");
     ret = 1;
   }catch(IOException e){
     ret = 2;
    return ret;
  public static void main(String[] args){
   int i = ??????;
    try {
     System.out.println(compA(i));
    }catch(Exception e){
     System.out.println(e.getMessage());
```

- 7. (7 points) Assume that i = 25 in main(), what is printed by the program? A. 1 B. 2 C. Error A D. Error B E. Error C F. Answer not shown
- 8. (7 points) Assume that i = 10 in main(), what is printed by the program? A. 1 B. 2 C. Error A D. Error B E. Error C F. Answer not shown

Part IV. Generics

9. (5 points) What is true about the following class definition?

- A. GenericTreeMap is-a TreeMap
- B. TreeMap is-a GenericTreeMap
- C. GenericTreeMap has-a TreeMap
- D. TreeMap has-a GenericTreeMap
- E. None are true
- 10. (5 points) What else is also true about the above class definition?
 - A. GenericTreeMap implements compare To()
 - B. K implements compare To()
 - C. V implements compare To()
 - D. **TreeMap** implements *compareTo()*
 - E. None are true
- 11. (6 points) Which line of code in the main function causes a compiler error first?

```
public class Fruit{};
public class Banana extends Fruit();
:
public static void main(String[] args){
   ArrayList<Fruit> list = new ArrayList<Banana>(); // Line 1

   list.add(new Fruit()); // Line 2
   list.add(new Banana()); // Line 3
   list.add(new Fruit()); // Line 4
}
```

- A. Line 1 B. Line 2 C. Line 3 D. Line 4 E. All lines will compile
- 12. (5 points) Will the following code compile?

```
public class Foo<E extends Comparable<E>>> implements Comparable<Foo<E>>> {
    E a;

    public Foo(E a){
        this.a = a;
    }

    public int compareTo(Foo<E> b){
        return a.compareTo(b.a);
    }
}
```

A. Yes B. No C. Answer not shown

Part V. Java Collections Framework

- 13. (5 points) Which Java Collections Framework class provides an ordered collection of objects that contains no duplicates?
 - A. ArrayList B. HashSet C. Queue D. TreeSet E. Answer not shown
- 14. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
LinkedList < Integer > list = new LinkedList < Integer > ();
list.addFirst(1);
list.addFirst(3);
list.addFirst(5);
list.addFirst(2);
System.out.println(list.getFirst());
```

A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 5 E. Answer not shown

15. (7 points) What does the following code print?

```
public class MyString implements Comparable < MyString > {
  private static final int offset = 1;
  private String s;
  public MyString(String s){
    this.s = s;
  public int compareTo(MyString strg){
   return -s.substring(offset).compareTo(strg.s.substring(offset));
  public static void displayList(List<MyString> list){
    for(MyString s: list){
      \texttt{System.out.print}(\dot{\texttt{s.s}} + "");
    System.out.println("");
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    LinkedList<MyString> list = new LinkedList<MyString>();
    list.addLast(new MyString("duck"));
    list.addFirst(new MyString("Luke's"));
list.addLast(new MyString("likes"));
    list.addFirst(new MyString("lakes"));
    Collections.sort(list);
    displayList(list);
```

- A. lakes Luke's duck likes
- B. lakes likes Luke's duck
- C. Luke's duck likes lakes
- D. Luke's lakes likes duck
- E. Answer not shown
- 16. (5 points) Consider an **ArrayList**<**Integer**> object instance that currently contains n items. How many shift operations are performed by list.add(42)?
 - A. 0 B. 1 C. n/2 D. n E. Answer not shown
- 17. (5 points) Consider an **ArrayList**<**Integer**> object instance that currently contains n items. How many shift operations are performed by list.add(0,37)?
 - A. 0 B. 1 C. n/2 D. n E. Answer not shown

Part VI. Enumerated Data Types Consider the following class definition:

```
public enum Card {
    Ace(1), Two(2), Three(3), Four(4), Five(5),
    Six(6), Seven(7), Eight(8), Nine(9), Jack(10),
    Queen(10), King(10);

private int value;

private Card(int value){
    this.value = value;
}

public int getValue(){
    return value;
}

public static int sumCards(Card[] stack){
    int sum = 0;

    for(Card c: stack){
        sum += c.value;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

18. (6 points) What is printed by the following code block?

```
Card[] stack1 = {Card.Ace, Card.Jack};
Card[] stack2 = {Card.Queen, Card.Five, Card.Six};
System.out.println(Card.sumCards(stack1) + ", " + Card.sumCards(stack2));
```

- A. 11, 11 B. 11, 21 C. 21, 11 D. 21, 21 E. This code would not compile
- 19. (6 points) What is the correct test for whether a **Card** is an "Eight"? Assume variable c is of type **Card**.

```
A. c == Card.Eight
```

E. None of the implementations are correct

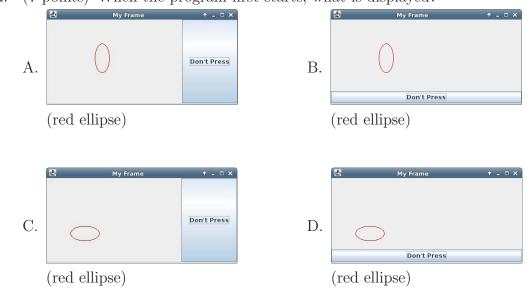
```
public class PolyFrame extends JFrame{
            public class PolyPanel extends JPanel {
                        private Shape s;
                        {\color{red} \textbf{public}} \quad {\color{blue} \textbf{PolyPanel}} \; (\,) \, \{ \\
                                    \begin{array}{lll} & \text{int} [] & \text{xs} = \{100, 100, 200, 200\}; \\ & \text{int} [] & \text{ys} = \{100, 200, 200, 100\}; \end{array}
                                    \mathtt{s} \; = \; \underset{}{\mathsf{new}} \; \; \mathtt{Polygon} \left( \, \mathtt{xs} \; , \; \; \mathtt{ys} \; , \; \; \mathtt{xs.length} \, \right) \; ;
                                    addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter(){
                                                  public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
                                                               \hspace{1cm} 
                                                                          System.out.println("Inside");
                                                                          System.out.println("Outside");
                                    });
                        protected void paintComponent(Graphics g){
                                    super.paintComponent(g);
                                    Graphics2D g2 = (Graphics2D) g;
                                    \mathtt{g2.setColor} \left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathtt{new} & \mathtt{Color} \left( 100 \,, & 200 \,, & 0 \right) \, \right);
                                    g2.fill(s);
           }
            public PolyFrame(){
                       super("Poly Frame");
                        setLayout(new BorderLayout());
                        add(new PolyPanel(), BorderLayout.CENTER);
                        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
                        setSize(400,300);
                        setVisible(true);
            public static void main(String[] args) {
                       PolyFrame frame = new PolyFrame();
```

- 20. (7 points) Suppose that the user clicks at coordinate (75, 150). What is printed to the console?
 - A. Inside B. Outside C. Nothing
- 21. (7 points) Suppose that the user clicks at coordinate (187, 122). What is printed to the console?
 - A. Inside B. Outside C. Nothing

Consider the following program:

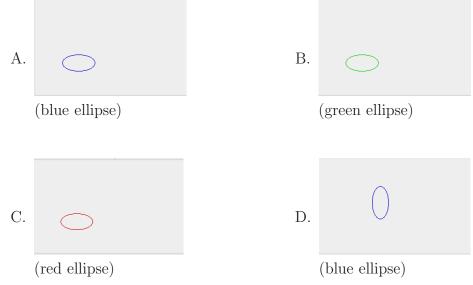
```
public class MyFrame extends JFrame{
  private Color color;
  private JButton button;
  public class MyPanel extends JPanel{
    protected void paintComponent(Graphics g){
      super.paintComponent(g);
      g.setColor(color);
      g.draw0val(100, 50, 30, 60);
 }
 public MyFrame(){
    super("My Frame");
    setLayout (new BorderLayout());
    color = new Color (200, 0, 0);
    \verb"add("new" MyPanel"(")", "BorderLayout.CENTER")";
    button = new JButton("Don't Press");
    add(button, BorderLayout.EAST);
    button.addActionListener(new ActionListener(){
      public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
         {\tt color} = \underset{\tt new}{\tt mew} \; {\tt Color}({\tt color}.{\tt getGreen}()\,,\; {\tt color}.{\tt getBlue}()\,,\; {\tt color}.{\tt getRed}())\,;
         repaint();
    });
    \verb|setDefaultCloseOperation| (JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE); \\
    setSize(400,200);
    setVisible(true);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    {\tt MyFrame frame = new MyFrame();}
```

22. (7 points) When the program first starts, what is displayed?

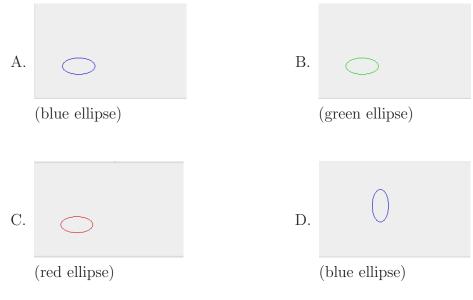


E. Answer not shown

23. (7 points) After the user presses the button once (from the start of the program), what is rendered in the **JPanel**?



- E. Answer not shown
- 24. (7 points) After the user presses the button twice (from the start of the program), what is rendered in the **JPanel**?



E. Answer not shown

Part VIII. Recursion

Consider the following method that tests whether a string is a proper palindrome:

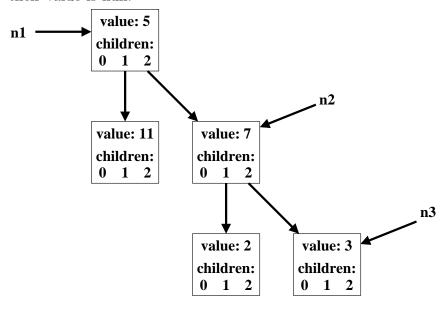
```
public static boolean isPalindrome(String strg) {
    if(/*** ADD CONDITION ***/){
        return true;
    }
    if(strg.charAt(0) != strg.charAt(strg.length()-1))
    return false;
    return isPalindrome(strg.substring(1,strg.length()-1));
}
```

- 25. (6 points) What is the appropriate condition for the first if statement?
 - A. strg.length() == 1 B. strg.length() <= 1 C. strg.length() >= 1 D. strg.length() >= 0 E. Answer not shown
- 26. (5 points) Is this an appropriate approach to implementing a method that verifies palindromes?
 - A. Yes B. No

Consider the following class definition:

```
public class Node {
  private int value;
  private Node[] children = new Node[3];
  public Node(int value) {
    this.value = value;
  public void addChild(Node c, int i) {
    if(i >= 0 \&\& i < children.length){
      children[i] = c;
  public int baz(int level, boolean[] list) {
    int out = 0;
    if(list == null || list[level]){
      out += value;
    for(int i = 0; i < children.length; ++i){
      if(children[i] != null){
        out += children[i].baz(level+1, list);
    return out;
};
```

Assume that the following tree has already been constructed using the constructor and the addChild() method, and that n1, n2, and n3 are variables containing references to the indicated nodes. You may also assume that when arrows are not shown for children, their value is null.



27. (7 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
{\tt System.out.println(n3.baz(0, null));}
```

A. 0 B. 2 C. 3 D. 5 E. 7

28. (7 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
System.out.println(n2.baz(0, null));
```

A. 0 B. 5 C. 7 D. 10 E. 12

29. (7 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
boolean[] list = \{false, true, true\}; \\ System.out.println(n1.baz(0, list));
```

A. 0 B. 5 C. 18 D. 23 E. 28

Part IX. Ethics

This year, Mattel introduced a new product called *Hello Barbie*. This wifi-enabled doll uses voice recognition to "understand" what a child is saying so as to verbally respond appropriately. The doll can play games, tell stories and have conversations over a wide range of topics, including uttering the phrase "Teaching math sounds like a lot of fun" (an improvement over the 1992 *Teen Talk Barbie* that could utter the phrase "Math class is tough!"). Over time, the doll can construct a model of your child's preferences and interests, allowing the doll to customize its dialog. Because there is not much internal computing power, the doll will record audio clips and send them to a central server for processing.

30. (6 points) What ethical principles should have been considered in the design of this toy? What are their sources? List at least four.

31. (6 points) What steps could be taken to address the ethical concerns? List at least three.

Ford Motor Company has for some time been shipping vehicles with a feature called "911 Assist." A set of sensors installed in the vehicle can detect when it is involved in a collision. In response to such an event, the system automatically sends vehicle identity, GPS location and other details about the collision to the local 911 emergency telephone office. Features like this have saved many lives because emergency services can be deployed very quickly.

Last week, a Florida woman was involved in a hit-and-run collision (after hitting two vehicles with her own, the woman fled the scene of the accident). Nevertheless, her own vehicle sent the collision information to 911, which led to a call to her from the 911 office and to her eventual arrest (i.e., her own car "ratted her out").

32. (6 points) What ethical principles should be considered by the Ford Motor Company in the design of the system? What are their sources? List at least three.

33. (6 points) What steps could be taken to address the ethical concerns about the system? List at least three.

34.	(6 points) Given this unexpected behavior, is this a good feature for all vehicles to have? Why or why not?
35.	(6 points) Does your above answer change if we add a feature that reports speeding? Why or why not?

Bob works for Zipgrade, a company that makes and sells an app that grades bubble sheets used for exams. As part of his project, Bob uses OpenCV, an open source computer vision library that he has downloaded. This library makes it easy for him to write code that reliably detects which bubbles have been filled in using a tablet's camera. Assume that OpenCV is released under a Creative Commons license.

36. (6 points) What factors must Bob consider in deciding whether to use this library without making changes to the library's code?

37. (6 points) Suppose that Bob now makes changes to the OpenCV code base so that it will work well for his project. What additional factors must be consider?