Logistic Regression Revisited

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Logistic Regression Review

- Add a sigmoid non-linearity to the end of our linear model
- Sigmoid: output range from 0 to 1
 - Can interpret this as a probability
 - For classification, this can be the probability of being in the positive class
- Prior classification conversation:
 - Used the MSE cost function (mean squared differences between ground truth label and the probability)
 - Problematic because the derivative can become very flat

Parameter Selection for Likelihood Functions

From statistics:

- Given:
 - A set of samples drawn independently from a distribution
 - A form of distribution from which the samples are drawn (e.g., a Normal distribution)
- Find the "best" parameters that explain the set of samples
 - Typical approach: use a likelihood function

Log-Likelihood Cost Function

- We can use a similar approach to talking about the "goodness" of a classifier
- The new twist: we now have two classes
 - The classifier should assign a high probability to the positive examples
 - And low probabilities to the negative examples

Example: Logistic Regression

- SGDClassifier with 'log' loss:
 - Logistic regression with log likelihood loss (we already played with this class)
- LogisticRegression class:
 - Also uses log likelihood loss
 - Different solver than SGDClassifier

Example: Logistic Regression

Both offer regularization

• L1, L2, Elastic (must pick solver appropriately)

- SGDClassifier with 'log' loss:
 - Regularization parameter: alpha
 - Increase value: more regularization
- LogisticRegression class:
 - Regularization parameter: C
 - Increase value: less regularization

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Multiclass Case: Softmax

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Softmax

Want to be able to handle K > 2 classes

- So far, the approach has been to create a set of binary classifiers and have them vote
- One vs all: need O(K) classifiers
- One vs one: need O(K²) classifiers

Softmax

Approach:

- Learned function: output a score for each of K classes
- Use the softmax function to translate the scores into probabilities
- Output:
 - Can look at the probabilities directly
 - Or can pick the class with the highest probability as the predicted class

Example: Softmax

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Example: Softmax

LogisticRegression class:

- Desired output can be an integer, with values encoding different classes
- Internally, the class performs one-hot encoding

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